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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/505,913	02/17/2000	Ronald A. Katz	245/247(6046-101D7)	245/247(6046-101D7) 7196		
7	7590 04/23/2002					
Reena Kyuper			EXAM	EXAMINER		
Lyon & Lyon LLP 633 West Fifth Street			woo, st	WOO, STELLA L		
47th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90071			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			2643			
DATE MAILED: 04/2				2		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

*	Application No. 09/505,913	Applicant(s)	Katz	\				
Office Action Summary	Examiner Stella Woo		Art Unit 2643					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address								
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.								
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 								
Status	1000							
1) X Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>Jan 18, 2002</u>								
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.								
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle35 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of Claims								
4) 🕅 Claim(s) <u>16-111</u>			is/are pend	fing in the applica				
4a) Of the above, claim(s)			is/are withdra	awn from considera				
5)			is/ar	e allowed.				
6) 🗓 Claim(s) <u>16-111</u>			is/ar	e rejected.				
7)								
8)								
Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/a 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on			b)⊟disapprove	ed.				
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority. a) All b) Some* c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have application from the International Bureau	been received. been received in Appl cuments have been rec (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	lication No						
*See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).								
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Attachment(s) 15) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	18) Interview Summary (F	PTO-413) Paner N	No(s)					
15) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	19) Notice of Informal Pal							
17) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	20) Other:							

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 16-111 remain properly renumbered. The claims originally presented were numbered as 1-9, 11-16, without a claim 10. In accordance with 37 CFR 1.126, claims 11-16 were renumbered as 10-15 such that the new claims submitted in the preliminary amendment filed February 17, 2000 should begin with claim 16.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claim 109 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Shavit et al. (USPN 4,799,156, hereinafter "Shavit").

Shavit discloses a commercial transaction communication control system, the system being adapted for use with an on-line computer service (Shavit provides for access to a variety of information sources and database providers, e.g. Dialog; col. 7, lines 9-15), comprising:

an interface system (personal computers 62, 64 and communications interface 79; col. 5, line 28 - col. 6, line 51);

a storage memory (database stores subscriber data and request data; col. 7, lines 23-46; col. 25, lines 28-50); and

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an independent commercial transaction control system (IMM system 50) to selectively facilitate transmission of commercial transaction data, as electronic interchange data (Shavit provides for communicating EDI data; col. 15, lines 31-33).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 16-42, 45-72, 75-105, 108, 110-111 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shavit in view of Smith (USPN 5,450,123).

Shavit discloses a commercial transaction communication system (Interactive Market Management System 50), the system being adapted for use with an on-line computer service (Shavit provides for access to a variety of information sources and database providers, e.g. Dialog; col. 7, lines 9-15), comprising:

an interface (personal computers 62, 64 and communications interface 79; col. 5, line 28 - col. 6, line 51);

an audio system (interactive conversational service; col. 7, line 58 - col. 8, line 4); a text system (mailbox service, col. 8, lines 12-22; col. 11, line 52 - col. 12, line 18; transaction service, col. 12, line 42 - col. 14, line 21; facsimile service, col. 14, line 22);

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a storage memory (database stores subscriber data and request data; col. 7, lines 23-46; col. 25, lines 28-50);

a control system (central processor 80).

Shavit differs from claims 16-42, 45-72, 75-105, 108, 110-111 in that it does not specify a dynamic video system. However, Smith teaches the desirability of including a camera at representative terminal so that direct, real-time, point-to-point video communication can take place between a customer and the representative (col. 3, lines 26-27; col. 4, lines 25-28; moving pictures are communicated via AT&T 2500 video telephone sets, col. 1, lines 27-28) such that it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill to incorporate such dynamic, full-motion video communication, as taught by Smith, within the system of Shavit in order to provide a real-time video as well as audio communication between the customer and representative. In this way, a more realistic face-to-face meeting can take place.

Further, Smith teaches the desirability of allowing buyer access to a vendor supplied video image stored in a video file server (video source and database 6) for enhancing sales communication with the use of video (col. 1, line 51 - col. 3, line 27) such that it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill to incorporate such use of video, as taught by Smith, within the method of Shavit in order to allow a buyer to view the desired goods or services.

Regarding claims 19-20, 41-42, 48-49, 68-69, 81-82, 101-102, Smith provides for a dynamic video source and database 6.

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Regarding claims 21, 50, 83, Shavit provides for printing documents via facsimile (col. 14, line 22).

Regarding claims 22-23, 51-52, 84-85, 110, the examiner takes Official Notice that it is old and well known in the art at the time of invention to provide for freeze-frame and high resolution video capability in a video communication system such that it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill to incorporate such well known video features within the combination of Shavit and Smith.

6. Claims 43-44, 73-74, 106-107 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shavit in view of Smith, as applied to claim 16 above, and further in view of Donald et al. (USPN 5,053,956, hereinafter "Donald").

The combination of Shavit and Smith differs from the claims in that although it provides for displaying products to the customer (Smith, col. 2, lines 65-68), it does not specify an inventory control system. However, Donald teaches the desirability of coupling an interactive video display system with an inventory control system (col. 7, lines 3-9; col. 9, line 61 - col. 10, line 4) so that a customer can view products along with the number available in stock such that it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill to incorporate such coupling with an inventory control system, as taught by Donald, within the combination of Shavit and Smith so that the customer can be apprised of availability while the seller's inventory database is kept current as items are purchased.

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Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed January 18, 2001 have been fully considered but they are not

persuasive.

Applicant argues that in Shavit, "one party to the transaction is specifically selected by the

other party" whereas "Applicant's system selectivelyt enables communication between members

of plural groups." The examiner maintains that it is through the control of the IMM system of

Shavit that communication takes place among buyers and sellers (col. 6, line 52 - col. 8, line 22)

such that the Shavit system "selectively enables" communication between members.

Applicant further argues that "Shavit does not teach a system that is adapted for use with

an on-line computer service." However, Shavit clearly provides for user access to a variety of

information services and database providers (e.g. Dialog) (see col. 7, lines 9-15).

Applicant argues that Shavit does not teach transmission of EDI data. However, Shavit

clearly teaches the communication of data in the form of EDI, the industry standard

communication protocol for transmitting business document data (col. 15, lines 31-33).

Conclusion

8. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

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(703) 872-9314.

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington. VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stella Woo whose telephone number is (703) 305-4395. Any general inquiries should be directed to the Customer Service Office at (703) 306-0377.

April 22, 2002

PRIMARY EXAMINER